

NAR Committee:

Insurance Committee

What is the fundamental issue?

Congress must reauthorize the Terrorism Risk Insurance Act (TRIA) program to ensure access to affordable coverage for commercial property. TRIA is next set to expire at the end of 2027.

I am a real estate professional. What does this mean for my business?

TRIA is a public-private partnership created to fill in a gap in the private insurance market and protect the nation's business sector by making available terrorism risk insurance coverage. If terrorism insurance becomes unavailable, commercial real estate borrowers could be in technical default of financing obligations.

NAR Policy:

Supports the continued availability and affordability of terrorism risk insurance coverage under the TRIA program.

Opposition Arguments:

Opponents assert that the TRIA program is no longer necessary and should be phased out in order to allow the private insurance market to take over. However, when the program has been allowed to briefly lapse or there has been a significant threat of a lapse, private insurers have responded by no longer offering terrorism risk insurance coverage, or offering it at significantly higher prices that are not sustainable to commercial real estate markets.

Legislative/Regulatory Status/Outlook

The Terrorism Risk Insurance Act (TRIA) provides a federal backstop for insured losses from certified acts of terrorism. With TRIA set to expire on December 31, 2027, Congress has begun reauthorization efforts early to maintain stability in insurance and financial services markets.

On January 22, 2026, the House Financial Services Committee voted 51-2 to approve H.R. 7128, which would extend TRIA through 2034 and make two modest, bipartisan updates to the Department of Treasury's certification process:

- require public notice within 30 days of starting a TRIA review and issue a certification decision within 90 days; and
- update the event-certification loss threshold from \$5 million to \$10 million beginning in 2029 to reflect

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inflation.

Next, the full House of Representatives must consider the measure. In the Senate, S. 4395 has been introduced to provide a seven-year extension of TRIA but does not include the certification process updates adopted by the House Financial Services Committee.

NAR will continue to advocate for a timely, long-term reauthorization of TRIA.

Background on Prior Reauthorizations

- **2019:** Congress extended TRIA through 2027 as part of a year-end appropriations bill; no major changes.
- **2015:** Following a brief lapse, Congress enacted a six-year extension that:
 - Increased the program's trigger threshold from \$100 million to \$200 million in insured losses.
 - Reduced the federal share of losses above the threshold from 85% to 80%.
 - Raised the mandatory recoupment amount from \$27.5 billion to \$37.5 billion.
- **2007:** Congress approved a seven-year extension through 2014.
- **2005:** Congress enacted a two-year extension following the initial authorization.
- **2002:** Congress created TRIA under Public Law 107-297 in response to post-9/11 market disruptions.

Current Legislation/Regulation (bill number or regulation)

[H.R. 7128](#) - TRIA Program Reauthorization Act of 2026

[S. 4395](#) - Terrorism Risk Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2026

Legislative Contact(s):

Austin Perez, aperez@nar.realtor, 202-383-1046
Erin Stackley, estackley@nar.realtor, 202-383-1150

Regulatory Contact(s):

Austin Perez, aperez@nar.realtor, 202-383-1046
Erin Stackley, estackley@nar.realtor, 202-383-1150